

# Determination of Binding Constants by NMR Titration

## The most simple case: the 1:1 binding isotherm

$$K_a = \frac{[C]}{[H][G]} = \frac{[C]}{([H]^0 - [C])([G]^0 - [C])}$$

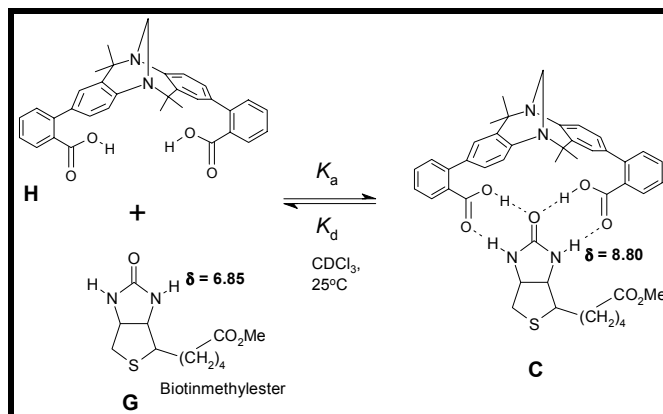
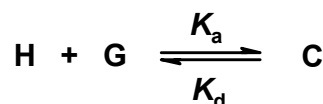
Change in chemical shift (fast exchange on NMR time scale):

$$\Delta\delta = \frac{[C]}{[G]^0} \delta_0 + \frac{[C]}{[G]^0} \delta_{inf}$$

$$\text{with } x = \frac{[C]}{[G]^0} : \delta_{obs} = x (\delta_{inf} - \delta_0) + \delta_0$$

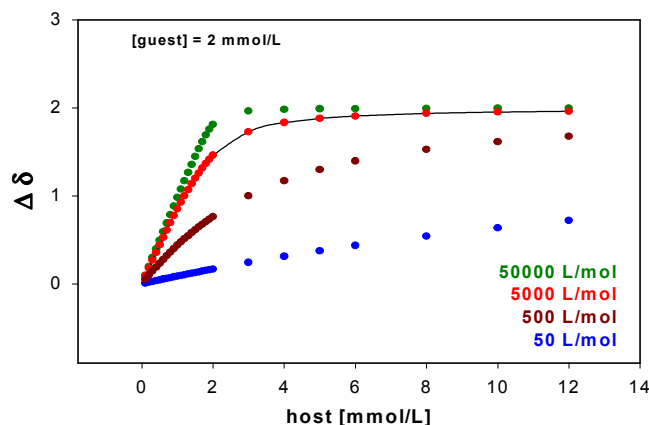
Concentration of the aggregate:

$$[C] = \frac{1}{2} ([G]^0 + [H]^0 + 1/K_a) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} ([G]^0 + [H]^0 + 1/K_a)^2 - [G]^0 [H]^0}$$



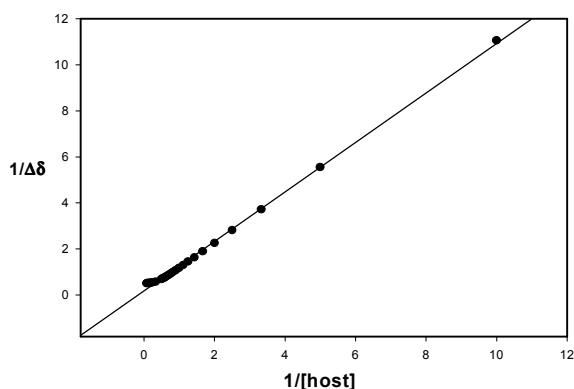
## Determination of $K_a$ from titration data:

### Non-linear fitting: (recommended)



### Double reciprocal plot (Benesi-Hildebrand plot):

WARNING: This treatment requires  $[G]^0 \gg [H]^0$  or  $[H]^0 \gg [G]^0$  so that  $[G]^0 \approx [G]$  or  $[H]^0 \approx [H]$ .



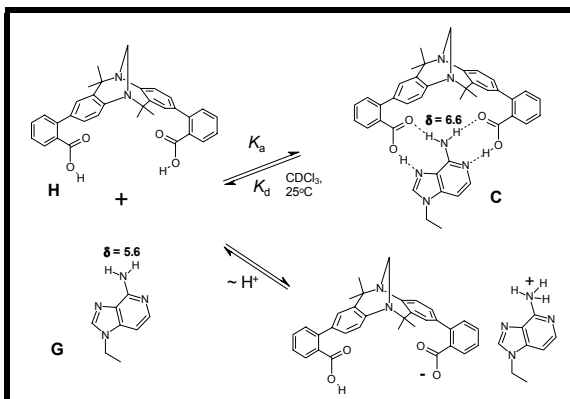
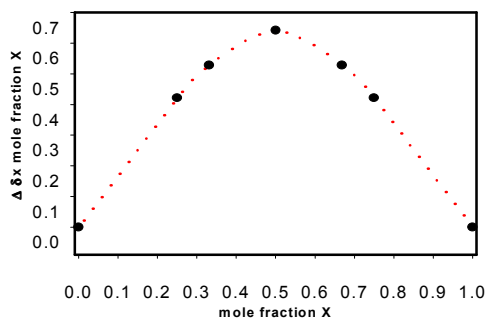
## Choosing the right concentration for a titration:

minor compound (fixed concentration):  $1/10 K_a$ ; titrant: from  $1/10 K_a$  to  $10 K_a$

Probability of binding: Weber „p“ values:  $p = [C]/[G]^0$  for  $[H]^0 > [G]^0$  and  $p = [C]/[H]^0$  for  $[G]^0 > [H]^0$ ; must be between 0.2 - 0.8 !

## Investigation of aggregate stoichiometry: Hydrogen bonding vs deprotonation:

### Job's plot analysis



A simple dilution experiment of a 1:1 mixture gives the answer: while  $[C]$  and therefore  $\Delta\delta$  changes with concentration of  $[G]^0$  and  $[H]^0$ , the proton transfer is independent (no change in  $\Delta\delta$ ).

Useful references: C. S.

Wilcox in *Frontiers in Supramolecular Organic Chemistry and Photochemistry* (Ed.: H.-J. Schneider, H. Dürr), VCH, Weinheim, **1991** (good overview); H.-J. Schneider et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1988**, *110*, 6442-6448 (example); I. Horman, B. Dreux, *Anal. Chem.* **1983**, *55*, 1219-1221; C. J. Creswell, A. L. Allred, *J. Phys. Chem.* **1962**, *66*, 1469-1472 (determination of  $K_a$ ); J. C. Adrian, C. S. Wilcox, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1991**, *113*, 678-680 (influence of water in the solvent); H. A. Benesi, J. H. Hildebrand, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1949**, *71*, 2703-2707 (historical); for questions or calculation routines: B.Koenig@tu-bs.de.